OVERHEADS: Session 1: The WeD Conceptual Framework Philippa Bevan

- I. Background to the ESRC Wellbeing in Developing Countries Research Programme
 - Five years, four countries
 - <u>Aim 1</u> to develop a <u>multi-disciplinary</u> conceptual and methodological framework for understanding the construction of inequality, poverty and subjective quality of life in specific societies
 - Bringing together the 'universal' and the 'local': the framework to be developed through an interaction between 'universal' (social science cultural) and 'local' (community cultural) ways of understanding
 - The framework to involve research at <u>five inter-penetrating levels</u>: people, households, communities, regions/countries and beyond (picture)
 - In all countries fieldwork for developing the framework at people, household and community levels to be <u>intensive</u> in 4 to 6 communities over a period of a year; fieldwork in more sites intended in Ethiopia
 - Framework for the other two levels to be developed using <u>secondary sources</u>
 - <u>Aim 2</u> to demonstrate the use of the framework in <u>four country studies</u>: Ethiopia, Bangladesh, Peru, Thailand
- II. The WeD research framework
 - Theory of Human Need, Quality of Life, Resource Profiles and In/security regimes
 - Actors relations structures
 - Five universal domains
 - Five levels of study
 - Table handout
- III. Current Development Policy Research and Proposed WeD Research contribution
 - A means for bringing together parallel work from different disciplines
 - A theoretically-grounded approach to the 'multi-dimensionality' of poverty and inequality
 - A focus on the subjective experience of poor social actors and on culture
 - An interest in how things 'work' at grass-root levels, including local policy regimes (e.g. food aid, coffee prices, ADLI, education, health services....)